

4 Channel Constant Voltage DMX512 & RDM Decoder

- Comply with the DMX512 standard protocols.
- Digital numeric display, set DMX decode start address by buttons.
- RDM function can realize intercommunication between DMX master and decoder.
For example, DMX decoder address can be set by DMX master console.
- 1/2/4 DMX channel output selectable.
- 16bit (65536 levels) /8bit (256 levels) grey level selectable.
- PWM frequency 250/500/1000/2000/4000/8000/16000Hz selectable.
- Logarithmic or linear dimming curve selectable.
- Overheat / Overload / Short circuit protection, recover automatically.

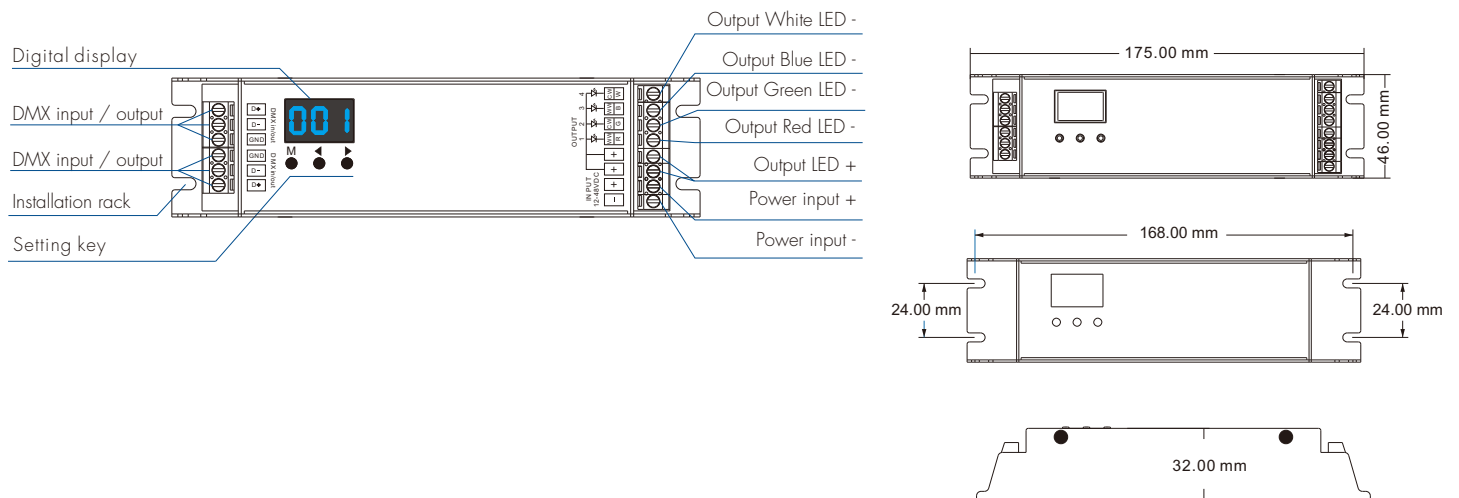


FC CE RoHS emc LVD

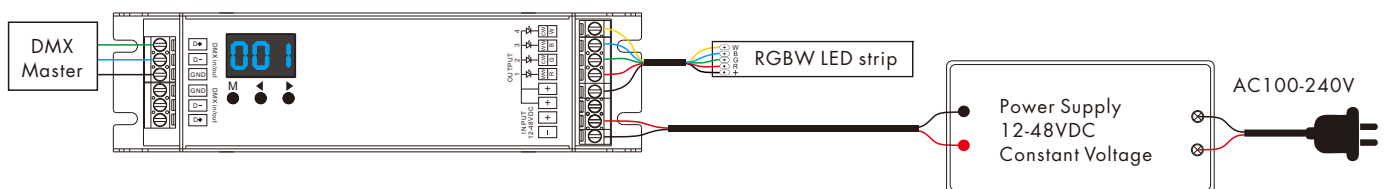
Technical Parameters

Input and Output	Safety and EMC	Environment
Input voltage: 12-48VDC	EMC standard (EMC): EN IEC 55015:2019+A11:2020, EN 61547:2009	Operation temperature: Ta: -30 °C ~ +55 °C
Input current: 32.5A	EN IEC 61000-3-2:2019+A11:2021, EN 61000-3-3:2013+A11:2019	Case temperature (Max.): Ta: +75 °C
Output voltage: 4 x (12-48)VDC	Safety standard(LVD): EN 61347-1:2015+A1:2021, EN 61347-2-13:2014+A1:2017	IP rating: IP20
Output current: 4x8A@12/24V, 4x6A@36/48V	Certification: CE,EMC,LVD	Package
Output power: 4x96W @12V, 4x192W@24V, 4x216W@36V, 4x288W@48V	Warranty	Size: L178 x W50 x H38mm
Output type: Constant voltage	Warranty: 2 years	Gross weight: 0.295kg

Mechanical Structures and Installations



Wiring Diagram



Note:

1. An DMX signal amplifier is needed if more than 32 decoders are connected, or use overlong signal line, signal amplification should not be more than 5 times continuously.
2. If the recoil effect occurs because of longer signal line or bad line quality, please try to connect 0.25W 90-120Ω terminal resistor at the end of each DMX signal line.
3. When display OLA, overload alarm. When display OHA, overheat alarm.

Operation

System parameter setting

- Long press M and ◀ key in the same time for 2s, prepare for setup system parameter: decode mode, grey level, output PWM frequency, output brightness curve, default output level, automatic blank screen. short press M key to switch six item.
- Decode mode: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch 1/2/4 channel decode mode("d-1", "d-2" or "d-4"). When set as 1 channel decode, the decoder occupy only 1 DMX address, and four channel output the same brightness of this DMX address.
- Grey level: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch 8bit("b08") or 16 bit("b16"). choose 16 bit if the DMX master support 16 bit.
- Output PWM frequency: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch 250Hz("F02"), 500Hz("F05"), 1000Hz("F10"), 2000Hz("F20"), 4000Hz("F40"), 8000Hz("F80") or 16000Hz("F16").
Higher PWM frequency, will cause lower output current, higher power noise, but more suitable for camera(No flickers for video).
- Output brightness curve: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch linear curve("C-L") or logarithmic curve("C-E").
- Default output level: press ◀ or ▶ key to change default 0-100% level ("d00" to "dFF") when no DMX input signal.
- Automatic blank screen: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch enable ("bon") or disable("boF") automatic blank screen.
- Long press M key for 2s or timeout 10s, quit system parameter setting.

DMX mode

- Short press M key, when display 001~512, enter DMX mode.
- Press ◀ or ▶ key to change DMX decode start address(001~512), long press for fast adjustment.
- If there is a DMX signal input, will enter DMX mode automatically.
- DMX Dimming: Each DMX decoder occupy 4 DMX address when connecting the DMX console. For example, the defaulted start address is 1, their corresponding relationship in the form:

DMX Console	DMX Decoder Output
CH1 0-255	CH1 PWM 0-100% (LED R)
CH2 0-255	CH2 PWM 0-100% (LED G)
CH3 0-255	CH3 PWM 0-100% (LED B)
CH4 0-255	CH4 PWM 0-100% (LED W)



DMX mode
(001~512)



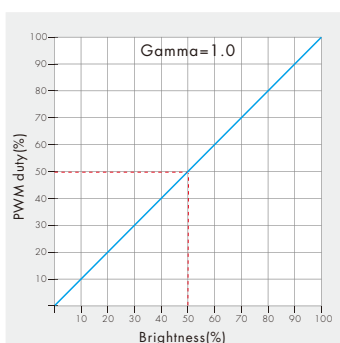
Self-test mode
(L-1~L-5)

Self-test mode

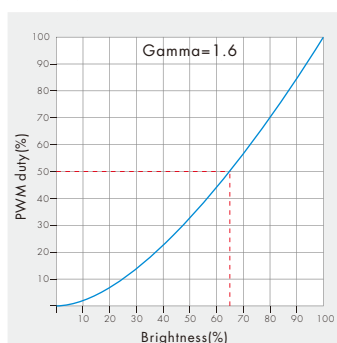
- Enter self-test mode only when DMX signal is disconnected or lost.
- Short press M key, when display L-1~L-5, enter self-test mode.
- Press ◀ or ▶ key to change mode number(L-1~L-5).
- Self-test mode include four channel light up separately or synchronously.

Dimming curve setting

Linear dimming curve



Logarithmic dimming curve



Malfunctions analysis & troubleshooting

Malfunctions	Causes	Troubleshooting
No light	1. No power. 2. Wrong connection or insecure.	1. Check the power. 2. Check the connection.
Wrong color	1. Wrong connection of R/G/B/W wires. 2. DMX decode address error.	1. Reconnect R/G/B/W wires. 2. Set correct decode address.
Uneven intensity between front and rear, with voltage drop	1. Output cable is too long. 2. Wire diameter is too small. 3. Overload beyond power supply capability. 4. Overload beyond controller capability.	1. Reduce cable or loop supply. 2. Change wider wire. 3. Replace higher power supply. 4. Add power repeater.